

Last Information & Advice

Regulation, including Buttock Augmentation East Midlands Councils - 6 February 2025

Anisten and the Annal Street of Street on Iverset

Presenter:

Charlotte Rose

Team Leader, Environmental Health

Content

- Buttock Augmentation Introduction and background
- Case study examples
- Instructing an expert and stakeholder engagement
- Regulation and use of existing powers
- Officer Training
- Raising awareness and recommendations

Introduction – Setting the scene

- There's a growing prevalence and normalisation of non-surgical cosmetic procedures
- A rise in social media
- Increasing accessibility and affordability of high street providers
- Advancement of technologies and products available
- Growing concerns with high risk and complex procedures
- Lack of current regulation and restrictions
- Unregulated Training

City of Wolverhampton Council

- Local intelligence-based complaint regarding Semi Permanent Skin Colouring
- Inadequate infection prevention and control procedures identified
- Lack of medical consultation and informed consent
- Poor facilities
- Unaware of legal duties
- Our pro-active approach

Buttock Augmentation via Dermal Filler 'BBL'

- Often referred to as 'Bum Lift', 'Body Contouring', 'Hip Dips'
- Taking place in Aesthetic Clinics, Nail, Hair and Tanning Salons, Hotels, Converted Domestic Rooms, and Nurse Led Premises
- GMC initial contact not within their remit
- CQC initial contact currently exempt from scope of registration
- NMC initial contact strong opinion regarding their members
- Application of high-volume filler or other synthetic material injected into the buttocks (cases of over 1000ml)
- Procedure involves pre injection lidocaine

Buttock Augmentation via Dermal Filler 'BBL'

• Risks and complications can include:

Pulmonary embolism;

Sepsis;

Deep vein thrombosis;

Fat and Skin necrosis;

Allergic reactions, and

Other skin infections.

Expert opinion and support

- Incident Management Team UKHSA
- Site audit– Infection Prevention and Control Nurse
- Training manual review
- British Association of Aesthetic Plastic Surgeons (BAAPS) advice:
 - 1. Injection into the subcutaneous plane only evidence suggest that this significantly reduces mortality related to the procedure
 - 2. Intraoperative ultrasound must be used the is the only way that surgeons can be confident that they are not in the muscle layer and that the cannula remains in the subcutaneous layer

Expert opinion and support

- Dalvi Humzah, Consultant Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgeon
- Medical opinion:
 - Training, expertise, skills and knowledge
 - Consent, including the need for a psychological assessment
 - Contraindications and risks
 - Product Safety, including Prescription only medicines (POMs)
 - Complications, management and emergency care
 - Post operative care
 - Environmental Standards

Regulation – powers available

- Prohibition Notice:
 - The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, Section (3)
 - The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999, **Regulation 3**
- Botulinum Toxin and Cosmetic Fillers (Children) Act 2021
- The Consumer Protection from Unfair Trading Regulations 2008 **Section (9)** Stating or otherwise creating the impression that a product can legally be sold when it cannot
- Anti-Social Behaviour Civil Injunction, Criminal Behaviour Order

Challenges with our investigations

- Resource intense and time consuming
- Officer confidence and competency
- Co-operation obstruction
- Practitioner Lack of accountability
- Legislation fit for purpose
- Obtaining the most appropriate medical expertise and support
- Training providers
- Lack of reporting and public awareness
- New Guidance for Regulatory Officers Brazilian Butt Lifts (BBL) JCCP

City of Wolverhampton Council

• Local intelligence-based investigations

Extreme Body Modification

Facial Fillers

Unlicensed Medicines

PRP – Platelet Rich Plasma

- 2020 Inquiry into Non-Surgical Cosmetic Procedures
- Stakeholder engagement for better regulation



PRP – Vampire Facial

Platelet Rich Plasma is produced from a person's own blood

- Typically performed to improve skin texture, reduce fine lines, blemishes and scars, and to stimulate hair re-growth
- The procedure involves:
 - Phlebotomy
 - Use of a centrifuge
 - Microneedling or Injection





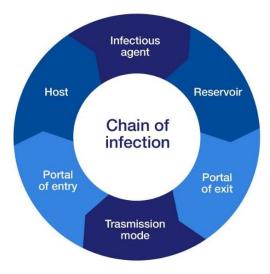






Infection transmission

- Do they understand the blood borne virus risk?
- Do they understand how infections can be transmitted?
- How are sharps managed and exposure to blood and bodily fluid?
- What are their needlestick injury procedures?
- What personal protective equipment is available?
- Good cleaning and housekeeping



Vitamin and Botox Botulinum Injections

- Specific brands of botulinum toxin currently licensed for use in the UK, some examples **Azzalure, Bocouture**, and **Botox**
- Products such as **Botulax**, **reNTox** and **Innotox** are not authorised medicines for use in the UK
- Vitamin injections such as AMPAVIT are not authorised for use in the UK
- POMs obtained without a face-to-face consultation
- Practitioners obtaining POMs in their own name and 'Self Prescribing'
- Large volumes of stock held on site and using 'Off Label'









Regulation – use of existing powers

- The Workplace (Health, Safety and Welfare) Regulations 1992
- The Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations 1998
- Public Health (Control of Disease) Act 1984
- Health Protection [Part 2a Orders] Regulations 2010
- Health Protection (Local Authority Powers) Regulations 2010



Regulation – use of existing powers

The Environmental Protection Act 1990 Protecting Minors:

- The Tattoo of Minors Act 1969
- Botulinum Toxin and Cosmetic Fillers (Children) Act 2021
- Sexual Offences Act 1956



Stakeholder Engagement

- MHRA referral:
 - Where certain healthcare providers and non-medics are stock holding POMs that have not been dispensed to a named person
 - Where POMs are obtained for a named person but are used for someone else
 - Where POM's (usually unlicensed, can be fake) have been obtained other than from a UK registered pharmacy
 - Yellow Card System Yellow Card | Making medicines and medical devices safer
- Incident Management Team (UKHSA, Public Health, ICB)
- Knowledge Hub 'Skin Piercing & Special Treatment Group'
- JCCP

Raising Awareness & Recommendations

- Social Media Campaigns 'Making better choices'
- Pro-active approach where possible
- Build on your database of practitioners
- Plan ahead
- Improved reporting systems GP referrals and other healthcare settings

Press Articles:

Unlicensed anti wrinkle injections put customers at risk of facial disfigurement | City Of Wolverhampton Council

Warning that illegal use of Vitamin B12 injections puts city customers at risk | City Of Wolverhampton Council

<u>City council serves notice on business offering non-surgical 'Brazilian Butt Lifts'</u> <u>City Of Wolverhampton Council</u>

Useful Links and Guidance

BAAPS statement on Brazilian Buttock Lifts | The British Association of Aesthetic Plastic Surgeons

baaps_document_on_gluteal_lipofilling_safety_and_recommendations_final.pdf

National IPC Manual National infection prevention and control manual for England

Guidelines for Professional Diagnostic Ultrasound Practice in Medical Aesthetics

JCCP Guidance on Prescribing

Cosmetic Screening Scales (COPS)

Recent Body Modification prosecution - Eunuch Maker - <u>'Eunuch-maker' mutilator</u> jailed for 22 years - BBC News



Charlotte Rose

Team Leader Environmental Health, City of Wolverhampton Council

charlotte.rose@wolverhampton.gov.uk 01902 552109